QSAR model for in vivo eye irritation (v1.0)



ProtoTOX

ProtoTOX is a computational (in silico) tool focused on the prediction of endpoints related with the toxicity of chemical substances. It includes a variety of in vitro and in vivo tests in humans, animals, microorganisms and cell lines.

ProtoTOX mainly includes, but is not limited to, endpoints used by REACH, a European Union regulation, adopted to improve the protection of human health and the environment from the risks that can be posed by chemicals, while enhancing the competitiveness of the EU chemicals industry.

Endpoint

Human health effects: Eye irritation/corrosion.

An eye irritating substance causes irritating effects or damages after contact with the eyes.

Metrics

Training set

QSAR predictions			
non-irritant	irritant		
1206	182		
68	592		
	non-irritant		

V	a	lid	lat	tio	n	set
•	v.		•			-

Experimental values	QSAR predictions			
	non-irritant	irritant		
non-irritant	393	78		
irritant	42	171		

Parameters	Training	Validation
Accuracy	0.88	0.82
Sensitivity / recall	0.90	0.80
Specificity	0.87	0.83
Precision	0.76	0.69
Negative predictive value	0.95	0.90
F-score	0.83	0.74
Matthews Correlation Coefficient	0.74	0.61
Critical Success Index	0.70	0.59
Area under the ROC	0.88	0.82



ProtoPRED platform allows the easy, fast and user-friendly prediction of different properties of chemical compounds, by proprietary (Q)SAR models.





